TOWN OF LEGAL
Financial Information
Year Ended December 31, 2021

# TOWN OF LEGAL Index to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

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## MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Town of Legal is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity and integrity of of the accompanying financial statements and all other information contained within this Financial Report. Management believes that the financial statements present fairly the Town's financial position as at December 31, 2021 and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

The financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the financial statements.

The Town Council carries out its responsibilities for review of the financial statements principally through its Council Meetings. This Council meets annually with management and external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters.

The external auditors have full access to the Council with and without the presence of management. The Town Council has approved the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Friesen Viney Stasiuk, Chartered Professional Accountants, independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Town's financial statements.

Chief Administrative Officer

April 4, 2022

Legal, Alberta

Manager of Corporate Services

April 4, 2022

Legal, Alberta



10020 — 106 Street Westlock, AB T7P 2K4 p: 780-349-3355 f: 780-349-6550 e: connect@westlockcpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Town of Legal

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Town of Legal, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO)

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the 's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the 's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the To the Members of Town of Legal (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the 's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the 's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Westlock, Alberta April 4, 2022 FRIESEN VINEY STASIUK CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Diesen Viney Stasiuh

# TOWN OF LEGAL Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
FINANCIAL ASSETS  Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)  Trade and other receivables (Note 3)  Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 4)  Land for resale inventory	\$ 3,918,567 172,062 52,088 1	661,275
	\$ 4,142,718	\$ 4,142,750
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Deferred revenue (Note 5)  Long term debt (Note 6)	\$ 364,943 303,935 900,000	\$ 189,399 738,428
	1,568,878	927,827
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,573,840	3,214,923
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Prepaid expenses	11,173,747 1,118	9,660,587 833
	11,174,865	9,661,420
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 13,748,705	\$ 12,876,343
CONTINCENCIES (Note 12)		

# TOWN OF LEGAL Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget naudited)	2021		2020
REVENUE					
Net municipal taxes(Schedule 3)	\$	1,101,355	\$ 1,102,078	\$	1,101,113
User fees and sales of goods		701,010	 676,592	7	702,868
Government transfers for operating		587,114	553,008		531,420
Rental revenue		100,200	97,056		115,097
Investment income		15,000	10,522		14,763
Franchise revenue		132,000	142,484		108,056
Penalties and costs on taxes		16,000	21,277		17,580
Licenses and permits		18,300	18,193		34,113
Other		21,500	23,509		72,775
Total Operating Revenue		2,692,479	2,644,719		2,697,785
EXPENSES					
Legislative		105,800	97,741		82,260
Administration		650,182	665,738		812,441
Protective Services		131,500	122,220		88,137
Roads, streets, walks, lighting		323,832	284,645		357,860
Water supply and distribution		333,094	330,986		351,843
Wastewater treatment and disposal		176,527	178,788		63,174
Waste management		92,000	87,706		82,899
Family and community support		59,335	54,371		43,612
Land use planning, zoning and development		25,000	27,650		17,533
Health and safety		29,400	29,420		34,519
Parks and recreation		458,909	413,608		417,517
Culture		24,400	23,453		27,879
Amortization of tangible capital assets		489,997	 458,694		489,997
Total Operating Expenses		2,899,976	2,775,020		2,869,671
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES					
FROM OPERATIONS	-	(207,497)	(130,301)		(171,886)
CAPITAL INCOME					
Government transfers for capital		1,090,000	1,002,663		440 774
Other local group		1,090,000	1,002,003		419,774
other local group			 		202,941
	-	1,090,000	1,002,663		622,715
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		882,503	872,362		450,829
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	2,876,343	12,876,343		12,425,514
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1:</u>	3,758,846	\$ 13,748,705	\$	12,876,343

# TOWN OF LEGAL Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Budget	2021	2020
		(Unaudited)		
(DEFICIENCY) EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER				
EXPENSES	_\$_	882,503	\$ 872,362	\$ 450,829
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain/loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		(2,074,500) 65,000 489,997 -	(2,033,804) 66,100 458,694 (4,150)	(691,548) 64,333 489,997 (3,019)
		(1,519,503)	(1,513,160)	(140,237)
Acquisition of prepaid expenses		-	(285)	 3,090
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		(637,000)	(641,083)	313,682
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,214,923	3,214,923	2,901,241
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,577,923	\$ 2,573,840	\$ 3,214,923

# TOWN OF LEGAL Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2021

		2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		18	
Excess of revenue over expenses Items not affecting cash:	\$	872,362	\$ 450,829
Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	458,694 (4,150)	489,997 (3,019)
		1,326,906	937,807
Changes in non-cash working capital: Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable Trade and other receivables Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Prepaid expenses	_	(5,822) 489,213 175,544 (434,493) (285)	(12,902) (113,871) (118,782) 22,202 3,090
	_	224,157	 (220,263)
Cash flow from operating activities		1,551,063	717,544
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of tangible capital assets  Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	,	(2,033,804) 66,100	(691,548) 64,333
Cash flow used by investing activities		(1,967,704)	(627,215)
FINANCING ACTIVITY  Long term debt issued		900,000	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		483,359	90,329
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,435,208	3,344,879
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,918,567	\$ 3,435,208

TOWN OF LEGAL

# Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Schedule 1)

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2021	2020
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 1.375.809	\$ 1 839 947	4 9 660 587	¢ 12 076 242	07 C7
Evoses (deficiency) of revious commence	010 010	· · ofooof·	0,000,0	4.0.0.0.40	410,074,71
Execus (deliciality) of feverines over expenses	872,362	ı	T	872.362	450 829
Unrestricted funds designated for future use	(197,340)	197,340	3		010
Restricted funds used for operations	11,000	(44)			r
	000,11	(000,11)	1	1	•
Restricted funds used for capital	Ĭ	(17,000)	17 000	j	
Long term debt issued		(000'11)	000'-		
Could fellil debt lesaded	800,000	ı	(000'006)	•	T
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(2,016,804)	ī	2.016.804		11
Disposal of tangible capital assets	61.950	1	(61 950)	3. 3	ı
Applied emortion expenses			(000,10)		1
ליווועמן מוווסווולמווסון מאספוואפ	428,694	1	(458,694)	1	1
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,465,671	1,465,671 \$ 2,009,287 \$ 10,273,747		\$ 13,748,705	\$ 12.876.343

TOWN OF LEGAL Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Schedule 2)

		Land	Land	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery and	Vehicles	2021	2020
						The state of the s			
COST: BALANCE, BEGINNING									
OF YEAR	↔	199,670 \$	1,054,514 \$	2,812,005 \$	15,252,287 \$	1,196,522 \$	679,326 \$	21,194,324 \$	20,685,904
Acquisitions		ī	1	127,686	1,717,027	189,091	,	2,033,804	691,548
Uisposais		'	1	ı	1	(68,833)	(28,545)	(97,378)	(183,128)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		199,670	1,054,514	2,939,691	16,969,314	1,316,780	650,781	23,130,750	21,194,324
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BAI ANCE REGINNING									
OF YEAR		,	532,916	2,109,639	7,550,479	827,783	512.920	11.533.737	11 165 554
Annual amortization Accumulated amortization		r	40,431	68,282	269,694	46,744	33,543	458,694	489,997
on disposals			,	1		(6,883)	(28,545)	(35,428)	(121,814)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		-	573,347	2,177,921	7,820,173	867,644	517,918	11,957,003	11.533.737
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	↔	199,670 \$	481,167 \$	761,770 \$	9,149,141 \$	449.136 \$	132 863 \$	11 173 747 &	. 103 03

# TOWN OF LEGAL Schedule of Property and Other Taxes Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Schedule 3)

	Budget (Unaudited)	2021	2020
TAXATION			
Residential land and improvements Non residential land and improvements Linear property Farmland Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,272,193 187,291 1,241 1,452 2,470	\$ 1,272,198 156,304 32,209 1,452 2,495	\$ 1,265,797 156,936 31,851 1,429 1,792
	1,464,647	1,464,658	1,457,805
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation Fund Seniors Lodge Designated Industrial Properties	350,164 13,002 126	349,578 13,002	344,192 12,500 -
	363,292	362,580	356,692
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$ 1,101,355	\$ 1,102,078	\$ 1,101,113

# TOWN OF LEGAL Schedule of Government Transfers Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Schedule 4)

	(L	Budget Jnaudited)		2021	2020
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING:					
Federal Government Provincial Government Local Government	\$	114,000 168,507 304,607	\$	113,209 140,192 299,607	\$ 16,800 320,727 193,892
		587,114		553,008	531,419
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL:					
Federal Government Provincial Government Donations		150,000 940,000 -		150,000 852,663 -	19,097 400,678 202,941
		1,090,000	14	1,002,663	622,716
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$	1,677,114	\$	1,555,671	\$ 1,154,135

# TOWN OF LEGAL Schedule of Expenses by Object Year Ended December 31, 2021

(Schedule 5)

	(	Budget (Unaudited)	2021	2020
CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT				
Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Transfers to local boards and agencies Interest on long term debt Other Amortization expense	\$	1,071,617 734,212 574,750 29,400 - - 489,997	\$ 1,141,524 633,616 509,966 29,004 2,216 - 458,694	\$ 1,092,392 665,700 518,162 32,254 - 71,166 489,997
	\$	2,899,976	\$ 2,775,020	\$ 2,869,671

TOWN OF LEGAL Schedule of Segmented Disclosure Year Ended December 31, 2021

	-								
	Government	Services	I ransportation Services	FCSS	Recreation & Culture	Environmental Services	Other		2021
REVENUE:									
Net municipal taxes	\$ 1,102,078	, 69	· •	- 8	· •Э	69	49	€7	1.102 078
Government transfers	101,032	•	476,951	31,807	467,044	478,838	1	٠	1.555.672
User fees and sales of goods	4,755	2,520	12,599	645	1,518	654,555			676 592
Investment income	10,522		•				. 1		10,532
Rental revenue	ì	9,285	į	1	87.771	٠	6 1		97.056
Other revenues	189,018	7,344	1		1,941	7,159	ī		205.462
	1,407,405	19,149	489,550	32,452	558,274	1,140,552	,		3,647,382
EXPENSES:									
Contract & general services	140,273	107,485	30,104	15,593	96,952	212,165	31.04	4	633 616
Salaries & wages	577,234	2,700	115,270	34,972	231,020	157,716	22.612	2	1 141 524
Goods & supplies	40,308	12,035	139,271	3,807	85,748	225,384	3,413	. r	509.966
Transfers to local boards	5,664	•	ţ	î	23,340	•			29,004
Officer expenses				ř		2,216	r		2,216
	763,479	122,220	284,645	54,372	437,060	597,481	690'29	6	2,316,326
NET REVENUE, BEFORE AMORTIZATION	643,926	(103,071)	204,905	(21,920)	121,214	543,071	(57,069)	(69	1,331,056
Amortization expense	2,089	13,025	197,134		92,434	154,012	•	,	458,694
NET REVENUE	\$ 641,837	\$ (116,096)	\$ 7,771	\$ (21,920)	\$ 28,780	\$ 389,059	(57.069)	<b>\$</b>	872.362

## Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Legal are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town of Legal are as follows:

#### a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town of Legal and are, therefore, accountable to the Town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

#### b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

#### c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### d) Financial instruments policy

#### Initial and subsequent measurement

The Town initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Subsequent measurement of all financial assets and liabilities is at cost or amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include cash, taxes and grants in place of taxes, and trade and other receivables.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and accrued wages payable.

#### Transaction costs

Transaction costs related to financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in net income in the period incurred. Transactions costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are included in the original cost of the assets or liability and recognized in net income over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

#### Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Town determines whether there are indications for possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the Town determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of futures cash flows, a write-down is recognized in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvements. The carrying amount of the financial assets may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income. Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets are reported at amortized costs, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transactions costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

#### e) Cash and temporary investments

Cash consists of cash on hand and cash kept in the bank accounts of the Town.

#### f) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

## Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### g) Inventories for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

#### h) Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

#### i) Contaminated Sites Liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds and environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

#### j) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

# Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### k) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

#### i. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land improvements	15 to 20 years	straight-line method
Buildings	10 to 50 years	straight-line method
Engineered structures	10 to 75 years	straight-line method
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20 years	straight-line method
Vehicles	3 to 25 years	straight-line method

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

#### ii. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and are also recorded as revenue.

#### iii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expense as incurred.

#### iv. Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets.

# Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

2.	CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS				
			2021		2020
	Cash and temporary investments	\$	3,918,567	\$	3,435,208
	Council has designated \$2,009,287 (2020 - \$1,839,947) of cash reserves.	for	future ope	rating	and capital
	Included in cash and temporary investments is a restricted amour received from the provincial government and others, held exclus operating projects.	nt of ively	\$303,935 ( for a varie	2020 ety of	- \$738,428) capital and
	The Town does not have any temporary investments at December 3	1, 2	021.		
3.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	¥			
			2021		2020
	Receivables from other governments Trade accounts receivable Utilities receivable	\$	135,061 31,667 5,334	\$	620,822 36,926 3,527
		\$	172,062	\$	661,275
4.	TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE				
			2021		2020
	Taxes and grants in place of taxes Arrears taxes	\$	34,055 18,033	\$	31,795 14,471
		\$	52,088	\$	46,266

## Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### DEFERRED REVENUE

	2021			2020		
Alberta Municipal Sustainability Initiative Grants Canada Community Building Fund (formerly Federal Gas	\$	178,766	\$	519,514		
Tax Fund Grant) Prepaid FCSS Funding Other Local Contributions Municipal Operating Support Transfer Alberta Community Partnership - Intermunicipal		109,555 7,955 7,659		155,986 2,657 8,000 50,173		
Collaboration Grant				2,098		
	\$	303,935	\$	738,428		

Deferred amounts from the Alberta Municipal Sustainability Initiative (MSI) includes both operating and capital amounts. The operating portion of \$43,172 (\$52,715 - 2020) is to be used for future operating purposes. The capital portion of \$135,594 (\$466,798 - 2020) is to be used for future capital projects. The Town of Legal has a 5 year capital plan that has budgeted the use of the MSI Capital Grant and the Canada Community Building Fund.

The Other Local Revenues include monies remaining from local community groups that are to be used towards specific projects, such as upgrades to the community gazebo. Currently, there are no specific plans to use these funds in the forseeable future.

#### 6. LONG TERM DEBT

Alberta Capital Finance Authority loan bearing interest at 0.84% per annum, repayable in semi-annual blended payments of \$152,213.

	2021		2020
\$	900,000	\$	-
¢	900 000	Φ	

Principal and interest repayment terms are as follows:

2022 2023 2024	\$ 297,489 299,993 302,518		\$ 6,937 4,432 1,907	\$ TOTAL 304,426 304,425 304,425
	\$	900,000	\$ 13,276	\$ 913,276

Interest on long term debt amounted to \$2,216 (2020 - \$0).

The Town of Legal's total cash payments for interest in 2021 were \$0 (2020 - \$0).

## Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### 7. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the Town of Legal be disclosed as follows:

	 2021	2020
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 3,967,079 900,000	\$ 4,046,676 <u>-</u>
Amount of debt limit unused	3,067,079	4,046,676
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	 661,180 304,426	674,446 <u>-</u>
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 356,754	\$ 674,446

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

8.	EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2021	2020
	Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2) Long term debt (Note 6)	\$ 23,130,750 (11,957,003) (900,000)	\$ 21,194,324 (11,533,737) -
		\$ 10,273,747	\$ 9,660,587

#### 9. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2021	2020		
Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus	\$ 1,465,671	\$ 1,375,809		
Roads Parks and recreation General equipment replacement Water, sewer, and waste management Equity in tangible capital assets	394,618 353,436 448,807 812,426 10,273,747	368,778 249,436 447,307 774,426 9,660,587		
	\$ 13,748,705	\$ 12,876,343		

# TOWN OF LEGAL Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### 10. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Co	Salary/ ontract Cost <sup>1</sup>	Benefits & allowances <sup>2</sup>				2020 Total	
Councillors:								
Hammond, Annette	\$	4,525	\$	62	\$	4,587	\$	13,154
Hills, Patrick		12,300		987		13,287		11,979
Malott, Frederick		15,700		486		16,186		11,936
Veenstra, Mark		3,363		304		3,667		=
Mayor / Deputy: Tremblay, Carolyn		16,625		572		17,197		16,428
Deputy / Mayor: Jones, Trina		14,675		514		15,189		13,588
Chief Administrative Officer		155,943		7,034		162,977		250,921
Designated Officers (4)(2020-5)		125,112		18,135		143,247		183,691
	\$	348,243	\$	28.094	\$	376,337	\$	501.697
	_	0.0,2.10	Ψ.	20,001	Ψ	010,001	Ψ	001,007

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- 2. Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

#### 11. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town of Legal participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town of Legal is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 9.39% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 13.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the Town of Legal are required to make current service contributions of 8.39% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 12.84% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town of Legal to the LAPP in 2021 were \$52,114 (2020 - \$69,849). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town of Legal to LAPP in 2021 were \$46,930 (2020 - \$63,339).

At December 31, 2020, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$5 billion.

# Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### 12. CONTINGENCIES

The Town of Legal is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of the membership, the Town of Legal could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

The Town of Legal has access to a line of credit of \$350,000 and credit cards with an aggregate borrowing limit of \$21,000.

#### 13. CONTAMINATED SITES LIABILITY

The Town has adopted PS3260 Liability for Contaminated Sites. The Town did not identify any financial liabilities in 2021 (2020-nil) as a result of this standard.

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Town's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2020.

#### (a) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The Town is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the Town utilizes sound collection policies. The Town has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

#### (b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Town is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipts of funds from its customers and other related sources, and the ability to pay its accounts payable amounts as they come due.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

#### 15. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Town of Legal provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6).

# Notes to Financial Information Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the municipality's related party transactions:

**2021** 2020

Rose Ridge Waste Management Services Commission Landfill usage expense

**19,970** \$ 21,496

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

#### 17. BUDGET FIGURES

Budget figures are included for information purposes only and are not audited.

#### 18. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.